

"Pipe Insert"**Field of the Invention**

The present invention relates to a pipe insert and also to a method of connecting at least two pipe ends using such a pipe insert.

**5 Background**

Process piping installations are common to many industries, including the oil and gas, petrochemical and mining industries.

A requirement associated with most major projects concerning such installations is that the piping be hydrostatically and/or pneumatically tested, prior to  
10 pre-commissioning, so as to ensure conformity with design and operating parameters. Such testing is generally followed by a cleaning phase which may involve subsonic air blasting. Until the installation is commissioned, it is not desirable to expose control elements, such as valves and like elements, to the rigours that will be experienced during assembly of the installation, cleaning of the  
15 assembled installation and testing of the installation prior to commissioning.

For this reason, it is not uncommon for such control elements to be installed and then removed as many as three times over the course of construction, testing and cleaning. This generally involves construction of purpose-built temporary pipe inserts to replace each control element. In installations which incorporate tens or  
20 hundreds of control elements, this practice is unwieldy and wasteful because, in most instances, a new pipe insert is created each time for each control element and, where the installation is to be subjected to testing, each temporary insert must be fabricated to the same standards as the control element which it is intended to replace. Associated shortcomings in this regard include triple-  
25 handling and installation, which compromises the mechanical integrity of the pipe system, as well as the need to subject the temporary inserts to non-destructive testing to ensure their fitness for use during testing and cleaning. This results in unnecessary expense, time delays and safety risks. In addition, there is an

increased likelihood of damage to the control elements each time they are installed and then removed

### **Disclosure of the Invention**

Throughout this specification, unless the context requires otherwise, the word  
5 "comprise" or variations such as "comprises" or "comprising", will be understood to imply the inclusion of a stated integer or group of integers but not the exclusion of any other integer or group of integers.

According to one aspect of the present invention, there is provided a pipe insert  
which in use is to provide a connection between spaced pipe ends, the insert  
10 having at least two ends, the pipe insert being adjustable to be able to vary the relative displacement between the ends, each end having connecting means adapted to provide a sealing interconnection between that end and the respective pipe end.

According to a preferred feature of the invention the pipe insert is able to  
15 accommodate flow between the pipe ends. According to a preferred feature of the invention the pipe insert constitutes a flow conduit between the ends. According to preferred feature of the invention the flow conduit comprises an integral part of the pipe insert. According to preferred feature of the invention the flow conduit is of a flexible or extendable nature. According to a preferred feature  
20 of the invention the pipe insert is adapted to receive at least one of a selection of flow control and/or sensing elements. According to a preferred feature of the invention the pipe insert incorporates a flow control and/or sensing elements.

According to an alternative preferred feature of the invention the pipe insert is not able to accommodate flow between the pipe ends.

25 According to a preferred feature of the invention, the pipe insert comprises a plurality of interengaged sections which are displaceable relative to each other to vary the relative displacement between the ends of the insert wherein the sections are sealingly interconnected. According to a preferred feature of the invention,

the sections are telescopingly interconnected. According to an alternative preferred feature of the invention, the sections are threadably interengaged, whereby the relative displacement is varied by varying the relative longitudinal position of the threadable interconnection between the sections.

- 5 According to a preferred feature of the invention, the connecting means are selectable from a plurality of connecting means adapted to connect to pipe ends of differing sizes.

According to a preferred feature of the invention, the ends of the insert are displaceable along a longitudinal axis.

- 10 According to a preferred feature of the invention, the ends of the insert are displaceable along at least two longitudinal axes which are angularly displaced from each other. According to one embodiment, the ends of the insert are displaceable along two longitudinal axes which are substantially perpendicular to each other.

- 15 According to another aspect of the present invention, there is provided a method of connecting at least two spaced pipe ends, the method comprising the steps of:

providing an insert as described above;

adjusting the insert to cause relative displacement between the ends of the insert according to the spacing of the pipe ends; and

- 20 connecting the insert to the pipe ends with the connecting means.

The invention will be more fully understood in the light of the following description of specific embodiments.

### **Brief Description of the Drawings**

The description is made with reference to the accompanying drawings of which:

Figure 1 is a side elevation of a pipe insert, according to a first embodiment of the invention;

Figure 2 is a sectional side elevation of the pipe insert according to a first embodiment of the invention as shown in Figure 1, fitted with a lifting eye and ball  
5 valve;

Figure 3 is a sectional side elevation view of a pipe insert according to a second embodiment of the invention, fitted with a pressure gauge and fill/drain point; and

Figure 4 is a sectional side elevation of a pipe insert according to a third embodiment of the invention, fitted with a pressure gauge and lifting eye;

10 Figure 5 is a sectional elevation of an insert according to a fourth embodiment in a retracted condition;

Figure 6 is a sectional elevation of an insert according to a fourth embodiment in an extended condition;

15 Figures 7 and 8 are schematic sectional elevations of inserts according to further embodiments of the invention.

### Detailed Description of Specific Embodiments

Each of the embodiments is directed to a pipe insert which in use is to provide a connection between at least two spaced pipe ends and is adjustable along at least one axis to accommodate for the spacing between the pipe ends. The purpose of  
20 the pipe inserts of each of the embodiments is to replace a flow control and/or sensing element which is to be located between the pipe ends while the installation with which the pipe ends are associated is under construction, cleaning, testing, maintenance or a like activity and when it is inappropriate for the  
25 flow control and/or sensing element to be subjected to the conditions associated with that activity. It is intended that the pipe insert can be used repeatedly between the pipe ends or between a different set of pipe ends at each instance

that it becomes necessary to remove the flow control and/or sensing element from between the pipe ends.

The pipe insert 10 according to the first embodiment, as depicted at Figures 1 and 2, provides a connection between spaced ends 11 of a pair of pipes. The insert 10 is of a tubular form and is provided at each end with connecting means in the form of flanges 12 which are adapted to be fixed to corresponding pipe flanges 13 at the ends of the pipes 11 to provide a sealed connection between the pipes. The flanges 12 take a form such that they can be clampingly and sealingly engaged with the pipe flanges 13 of the pipe. The portion of the pipe insert 10 between the flanges 12 is tubular to permit fluid flow between the pipe ends and as will be described later can include flow control and/or sensing elements which can duplicate or provide similar functions to the control element which is finally to be located between the pipe ends.

The portion of the insert 10 between the flanges 12 comprises a plurality of interengaged sections which comprise a central section 16 and a pair of outer sections 18 at either end of the central section 16. The sections 16 and 18 are threadably interconnected in an end to end relationship whereby, by varying the relative longitudinal position of the threadable interconnection between the sections, the length of the insert 10 can be varied.

The central section 16 is provided at its ends with oppositely-handed internal threads 20 while the outer sections 18 are provided at their inner ends with corresponding external threads 22 which interengage with the internal threads 20 to effect the threadable interconnection between the central section 16 and the outer sections 18. The non-threaded portions of the outer faces of each outer section 18 are of a slightly reduced diameter relative to the inner ends to enable the non-threaded outer portions to be receivable within the bore of the central section 16.

The position of each outer section 18 with respect to the central section 16 and thus the length of the pipe insert is adjusted by screwing that outer section clockwise or anticlockwise. The outer sections 18 may be adjustably displaced by

different amounts with respect to the central section 16, as shown at Figures 1 and 2.

The ends of the central section are each provided with annular locking caps 28. The annular locking caps 28 assist in sealing the interconnection between the central section 16 and the outer sections 18. Each locking cap 28 has an inner thread 30 which is threadably received with an outer thread 32 provided on the outer face of the central section at the respective end. After adjustment of the length of the insert 10, the locking caps 28 are slid along the outer sections 18 and then secured to the ends of the central section 16 to engage respective end faces 27 of the central section 16. A set of notches 36, provided around the perimeter of the locking caps 28 and the central section 16 which enable appropriate tools to be used to apply appropriate tightening torque between the central section 16 and the locking caps 28. Seals 26 are entrapped between the flange of each locking cap 28 and the respective end face of the central section and the outer face of the respective end section. The seals are received around the outer sections 18 and are accommodated in recesses 24, defined between the locking caps 28 and inner end faces 27. The seals 26 are dimensioned so as to be appropriately compressed in the recesses 24 to effect sealing between the central section 16 and the outer sections 18 on the locking caps being applied and tightened as required.

The inner faces of the outer sections 18 are provided with oppositely-handed internal threads 41 so that they may receive further outer sections therein, in accordance with other embodiments as described below. In addition the outer sections 18 are provided, at their outer ends, with external threads 38 to enable them to be engaged with the flanges 12 which in turn are provided with bores 40 having corresponding threads 39 to interengage with threads 38 such that the flanges 12 may be screwed onto, and thus mounted on, the outer sections 18. The removable nature of the flanges 12 means that the insert 10 has the versatility to be used with pipe flanges of varying diameters, types and ratings according to the nature of the pipe flanges with which the pipe insert is to be used.

Seals 46 are received in recesses 44 defined between the outermost end faces 42 of the outer sections 18 and the flanges 12. The seals 46 are dimensioned so as to be appropriately compressed in the recesses 44 to effect sealing between the outer sections 18 and the flanges 12.

- 5 The wall of the central section 16 is formed with a pair of opposed radial bores 50 and 52 and each bore is adapted to sealingly receive one of a selection elements which can include control and/or sensing elements. The elements which may include a lifting eye, a ball valve lever assembly, a pressure gauge and a fill/drain point. Where an element does not need not be fitted, one or each radial bore may  
10 be sealed with a threaded plug 51, as shown at Figure 1.

As shown at Figure 2 and by way of example only, the selected control elements fitted to the first embodiment can comprise a lifting eye 54, received in one bore 50, and a ball valve lever assembly 56, received in the other bore 52. The ball valve lever assembly is associated with a ball valve 58 which may be received in  
15 the insert 10. The ball valve 58 comprises the ball valve lever assembly 56, a ball member 60, which is receivable through either end of the central section, and two ball member retaining covers 62 to receive the ball member 60 there between. The retaining covers 62 are provided with external threads 64 to be engageable with the internal threads 20 of the central section 16. Inner ends of the retaining  
20 covers 62 are received against annular faces 68 provided near the middle of the central section 16 and integrally formed therewith. Recesses 70 are provided in the retaining covers 62 at their inner ends, the recesses 70 receiving seals 72 which engage the faces 68. The retaining covers 62 have, between their inner and outer ends, tapered annular relief portions 78 to accommodate  
25 correspondingly-tapered portions 80 provided at the inner ends of the outer sections 18, thereby allowing for maximum retraction of the outer sections 18, within the central section 16, when the ball valve 58 is being utilised, to increase the range of length adjustment of the insert 10.

In the following description of further embodiments of the invention, like  
30 components will be designated with the same reference numerals.

The pipe insert 10 according to the second embodiment, as shown at Figure 3, is based on a variation of the first embodiment and comprises, in addition to having outer sections 18 at each side of the central section 16, a pair of threadably interengaged, telescopically interconnected further outer sections 18' and 18'' at each end. This enables the pipe insert 10 to be used in connecting a variety of pipe ends having a greater variation in their degree of separation since the further outer sections 18' and 18'' provide the pipe insert 10 of the second embodiment with a greater range of length adjustment when compared to the pipe insert of the first embodiment.

10 The central section 16 and outer sections 18 are the same pieces as used in the case of the first embodiment, the additional pieces being suitably configured so that the insert 10 can accommodate a ball valve 58 (as shown in broken lines in Figure 3), with the outer sections 18, 18' and 18'' fully retracted.

15 The further outer sections 18' are provided, at their inner ends, with external threads 22' which engage with the internal threads 41 respectively, provided in the outer sections 18. The remaining portions of the outer face of each further outer section 18' are of a reduced diameter relative to the inner ends, so as to enable the further outer sections 18' to be received within the outer sections 18.

20 The further outer sections 18' are provided with internal, oppositely-handed threads 41' which engage with corresponding external threads 22'' provided at the inner ends of the further outer sections 18''. The remaining portions of the outer face of each further outer section 18'' are also of a reduced diameter relative to the inner ends, so as to enable the further outer sections 18'' to be received within the further outer sections 18'.

25 The flanges 12 are mounted to the outer ends of the further outer sections 18'', those outer ends being configured as described in connection with the first embodiment to provide for sealing connection with the flanges 12.

Annular locking caps 28, 28' and 28'', with associated sealing arrangements therebetween, are provided at the connections between each section, the locking



caps and sealing arrangements being of the type described in connection with the first embodiment.

By way of example only, the selected control elements for the second embodiment comprises a pressure gauge 80, received in bore 50, and a fill/drain  
5 point 82, received in bore 52. Again, where a control elements need not be fitted, one or each radial bore may be sealed with a threaded plug, as shown at Figure 1 in connection with the first embodiment.

The pipe insert 10 according to the third embodiment, as depicted at Figure 4, is also a variation of the first embodiment with the exception that the central section  
10 16, comprises 90° elbow piece. The insert is thus adjustable along two non-parallel axes and as such is adapted to provide a connection between two spaced pipe ends 11 which are arranged perpendicularly.

The radial bores 50 and 52 in the case of the third embodiment are arranged at 90°, rather than being opposed.

15 By way of example only, the selected control elements for the third embodiment comprise a pressure gauge 80, received in bore 50, and a lifting eye 54, received in bore 52. Again, where a control element need not be fitted, one or each radial bore may be sealed with a threaded plug, as already described.

The fourth embodiment of the invention as shown at Figures 5 and 6 comprises a  
20 pair of tubular sections 101 and 102 which are telescopically connected. The free end of each section supports a flange 112 through a suitable threadable interconnection as in the case of the previous embodiment. The inner end 103 of the larger diameter section 101 is associated with an annular seal cover 104 which is threadably engaged with the inner end 103 and retains a first seal 105  
25 between the end face of the section 101 and the seal cover and a second seal 106 between the inner radial face of the seal cover and the outer face of the other section 102. The inner end of the other section 102 is formed with an outwardly directed flange 107 which has greater outer diameter than the inner diameter of the seal cover to enable retention between the sections and a third seal 108 is

supported by the outer radial face of the flange for sealing engagement with the inner bore of the larger section 102. Because of the telescoping nature of the connection sections 101 and 102 the length of the pipe insert can be varied as required

- 5     There exist further embodiments wherein the number of outer sections provided to each side differs from that in connection with the first and second embodiments. Moreover, it will be appreciated that the number of outer sections provided to one side of the central section may differ from the number provided to the other side.

- 10     Other embodiments exist wherein there is a transverse offset between the outer section(s) to one side of the central section and the outer section(s) to the other side of the central section to accommodate for circumstances where the pipe ends are out of coaxial alignment.

- 15     In addition, there exist alternative embodiments which are adapted to connect more than two pipe ends, for example inserts formed as tee-pieces or four-way pieces, those inserts being adjustable in some or all longitudinal axes, so as to vary the positions of the connectors according to the spacing of the pipe ends.

- 20     A further embodiment as shown schematically at Figure 7 comprises a situation where the pipe insert does not need to provide fluid communication between the pipe ends during the period of time that the pipe insert is to be in position between the pipe ends. As a result portion 210 between the flanges 212 comprises a member which is extendible and which has sufficient structural integrity to withstand the forces exerted thereon during the relevant activity.

- 25     A further embodiment as shown schematically at Figure 8 comprises a situation where the portion 310 of the pipe insert between the flanges does not provide full fluid communication between the pipe ends during the period of time that the pipe insert is to be in position between the pipe ends. As a result portion 310 between the flanges 312 comprises a member which is extendible and which has sufficient structural integrity to withstand the forces exerted thereon during the relevant activity. To accommodate for the required fluid flow a flexible flow line 308

extends between the flanges 312 to provide for the required fluid flow between the pipe ends and suitable flow control and/or sensing elements are associated with the flexible flow line.

5 The method of assembly, adjustment and installation of the insert 10 will now be described in relation to the first, second and third embodiments. It will be understood that the seals associated with the various components to be assembled will already be located in place during the assembly.

Prior to assembly, adjustment and installation of the insert 10, the flanges 13, if not present already, are welded, or otherwise fixed, into position on the pipe ends  
10 11. An accurate measurement of the separation between the flanges 13 is then made.

A determination of the appropriate number of sections from which to assemble the insert 10 is then made, such a determination being based on the size and spacing of the pipe ends 11. Assembly of the insert 10 is then commenced.

15 The first step in the assembly of the insert 10 will generally be that of fitting the appropriate elements to, and/or plugging, the bores 50 and 52. If the ball valve 58 is required, the ball member 60 is inserted into the central section 16, and the retaining covers 62 are then screwed into either side of the central section 16 to retain the ball member 60 therebetween. The ball valve lever assembly 56 is then  
20 screwed into the appropriate bore 50 or 52. The lifting eye 54 will often be fitted to one bore to facilitate subsequent installation of the insert 10. The outer sections 16 are then screwed into the central section 16 and the locking caps 28 are then slid over the those outer sections 18. If further outer sections 18' are required, they are screwed into the outer ends of the outer sections 18. Locking  
25 caps 28' are then slid over the further outer sections 18'. If additional further outer sections 18'' are required, they are screwed into the outer ends of the further outer sections 18'. Locking caps 28'' are then slid over the additional further outer sections 18''. The flanges 12, selected according to the dimensions of the flanges 13 to which they are to be connected, are then screwed onto the outer ends of the  
30 outermost sections 18, 18' or 18''.

The interconnected sections are screwed with respect to each other until the overall length is adjusted according to the spacing of the flanges 13, allowing for gaskets and the like. After correct adjustment of the length of the insert 10, the locking caps are screwed into position to lock the interconnected sections and to effect the sealing therebetween. The appropriate tightening torque is provided by means of hook spanners engaged with the notches 36, as described above.

The insert 10 is then installed. To this end, the lifting eye 54, if fitted, may be utilised to lift the insert 10 into position. The flanges 12 are then connected to the flanges 13 in the conventional manner to complete the installation.

The insert 10 may be adjusted in the at least one longitudinal axis, according to the longitudinal dimension(s) of the control element which will ultimately be installed in its place. The insert 10 can then be fitted during the construction phase in the piping systems at all control element locations, allowing for the appropriate spacing and piping alignment. Testing and cleaning can then be carried out without the need to remove the insert 10.

Moreover, the mechanical integrity of the insert 10 may be approved prior to installation, thereby eliminating the need for testing of the insert 10 in the field.

It should be appreciated that the scope of the present invention need not be limited to the particular scope of the embodiments described above.

**Claims**

1. A pipe insert which in use is to provide a connection between spaced pipe ends, the insert having at least two ends, the pipe insert being adjustable to be able to vary the relative displacement between the ends, each end having  
5 connecting means adapted to provide a sealing interconnection between that end and the respective pipe end.
2. A pipe insert as claimed at claim 1 wherein the pipe insert is able to accommodate flow between the pipe ends.
3. A pipe insert as claimed at claim 2 wherein the pipe insert constitutes a flow  
10 conduit between the ends.
4. A pipe insert as claimed at claim 3 wherein the flow conduit comprises an integral part of the pipe insert.
5. A pipe insert as claimed at claim 3 wherein the flow conduit is of a flexible or extendable nature.
- 15 6. A pipe insert as claimed at any one of claims 2 to 5 wherein the pipe insert is adapted to receive at least one of a selection of flow control and/or sensing elements.
7. A pipe insert as claimed at any one of claims 2 to 5 wherein the pipe insert incorporates a flow control and/or sensing elements.
- 20 8. A pipe insert as claimed at claim 1 wherein the pipe insert is not able to accommodate flow between the pipe ends.
9. A pipe insert as claimed at any one of the preceding claims wherein, the pipe insert comprises a plurality of interengaged sections which are displaceable relative to each other to vary the relative displacement between the ends of the  
25 insert

10. A pipe insert as claimed at claim 9 as dependant upon claim 2 wherein insert wherein the sections accommodate for fluid flow between the flanges and are sealingly interconnected.
11. A pipe insert as claimed at claim 9 or 10 wherein the sections are  
5 telescopingly interconnected.
12. A pipe insert as claimed at claim 9 or 10 wherein, the sections are threadably interengaged, whereby the relative displacement is varied by varying the relative longitudinal position of the threadable interconnection between the sections.
- 10 13. A pipe insert as claimed at any one of the preceding claims wherein the connecting means are selectable from a plurality of connecting means adapted to connect to pipe ends of differing sizes.
14. A pipe insert as claimed at any one of the preceding claims wherein the ends of the insert are displaceable along a common axis.
- 15 15. A pipe insert as claimed at any one of claims 1 to 13 wherein the ends of the insert are displaceable along at least two axes which are angularly displaced from each other.
16. A pipe insert as claimed at claim 15 wherein are displaceable along two axes which are substantially perpendicular to each other.
- 20 17. A pipe insert as claimed at any one of claims 1 to 13 wherein the ends of the insert are displaceable along at least two axes which are spaced from each other.
18. A pipe inset substantially as herein described with reference to the accompanying drawings
- 25 19. A method of connecting at least two spaced pipe ends, the method comprising the steps of:

providing an insert of the form as claimed at any one of the preceding claims;

adjusting the insert to cause relative displacement between the ends of the insert according to the spacing between the pipe ends;

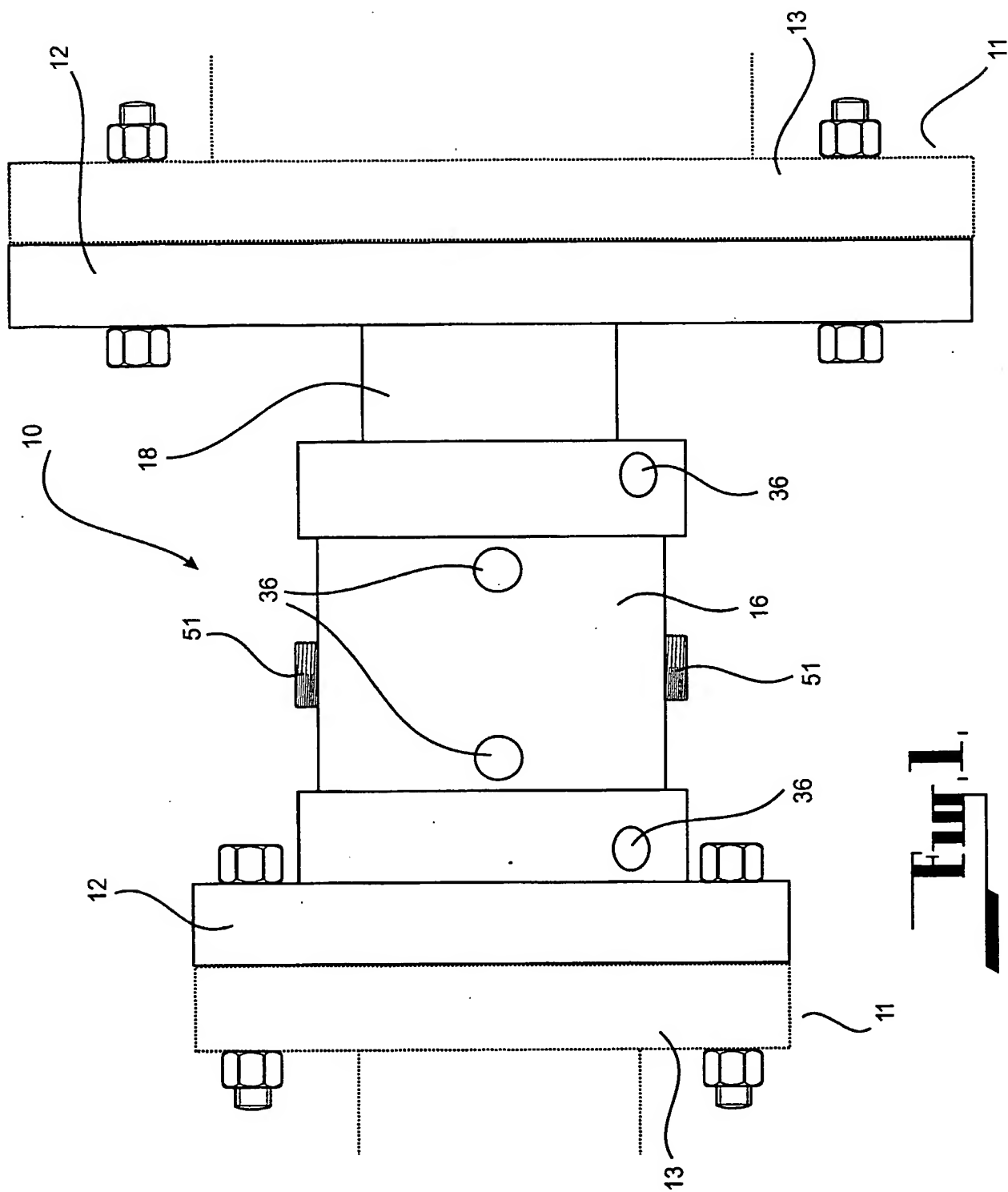
inserting the inset into the space between the pipe ends; and

5 connecting the insert to the pipe ends with the connecting means.

20.A method substantially of connecting at least two spaced pipe ends as herein described.

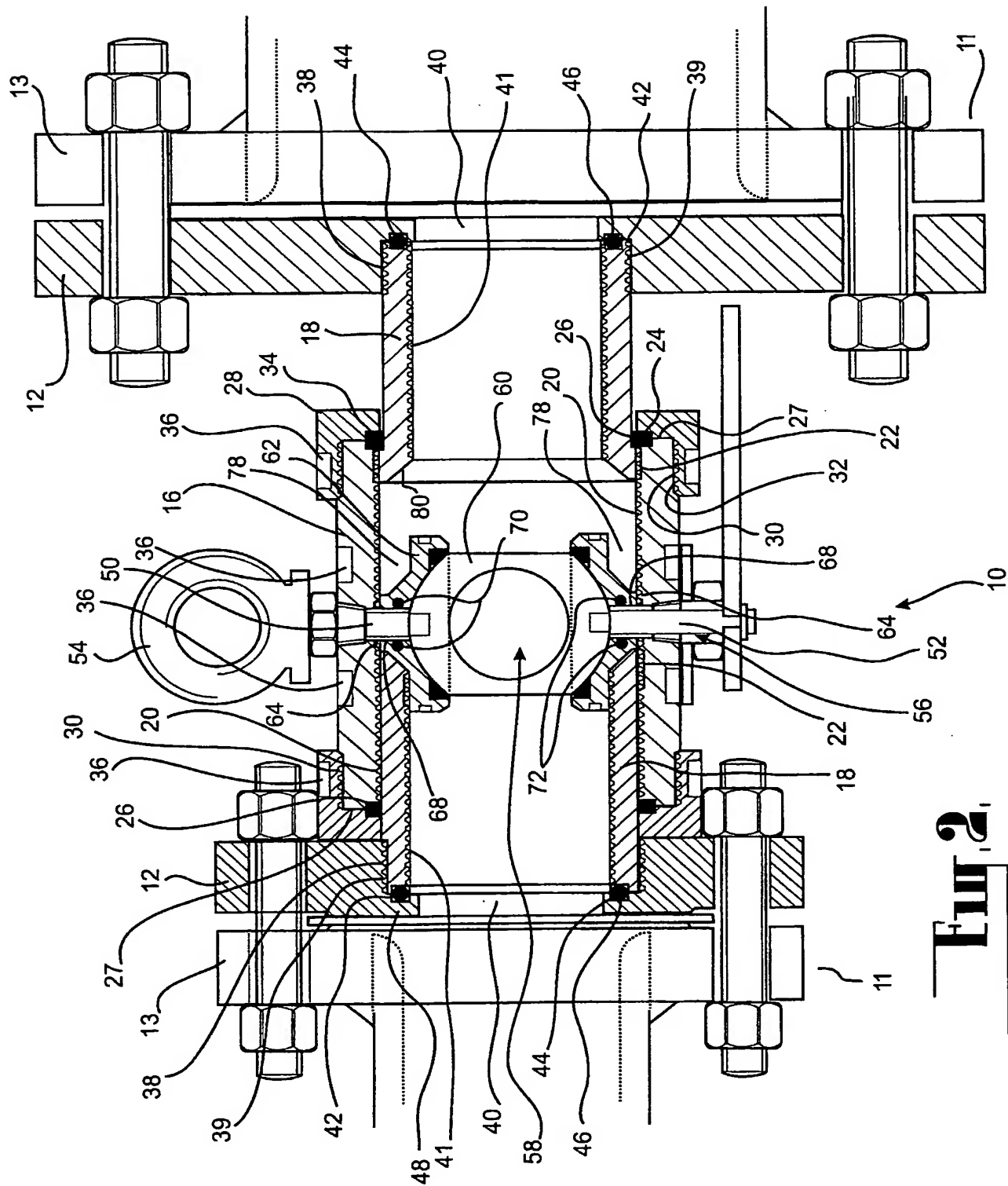
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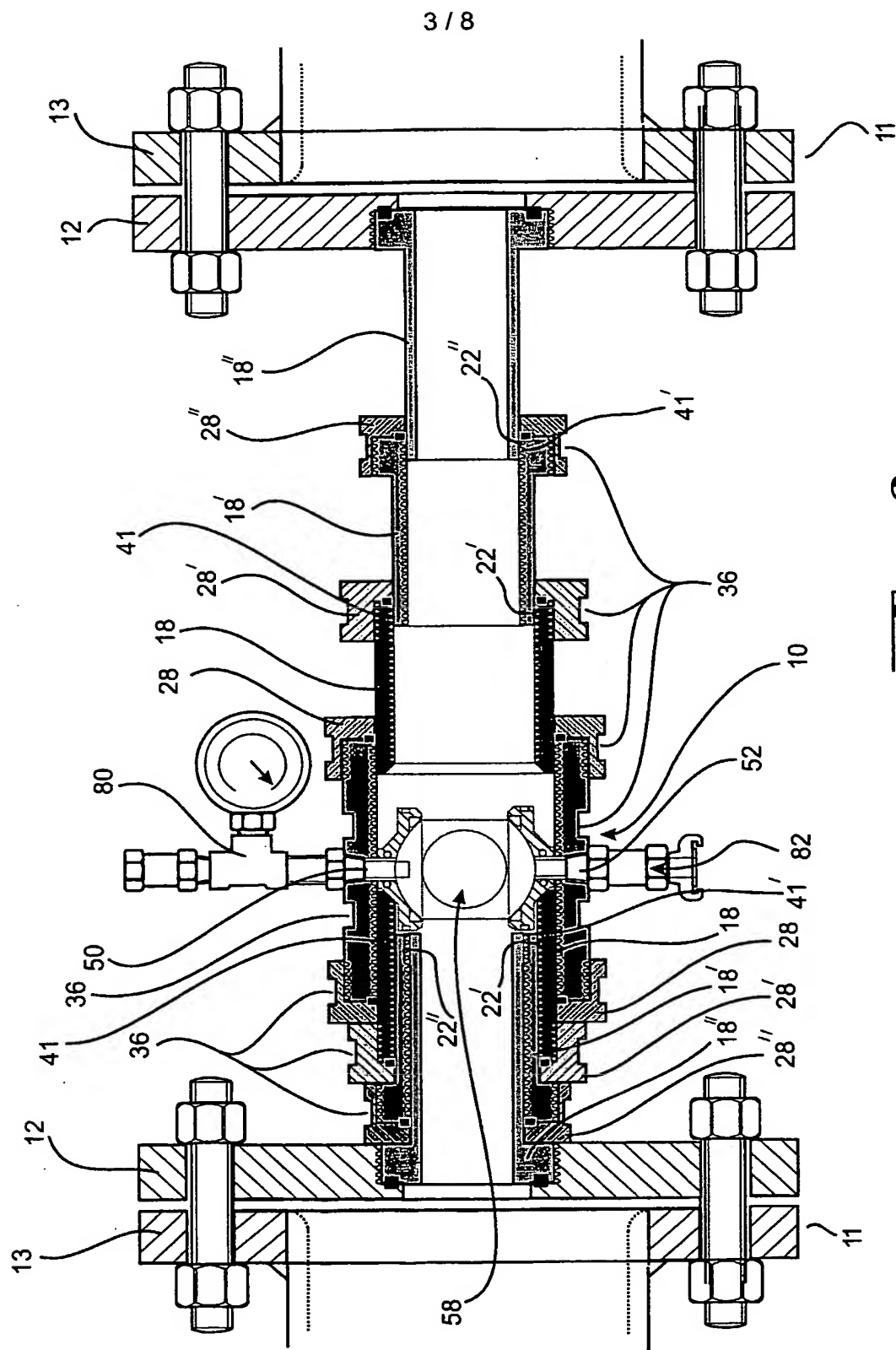
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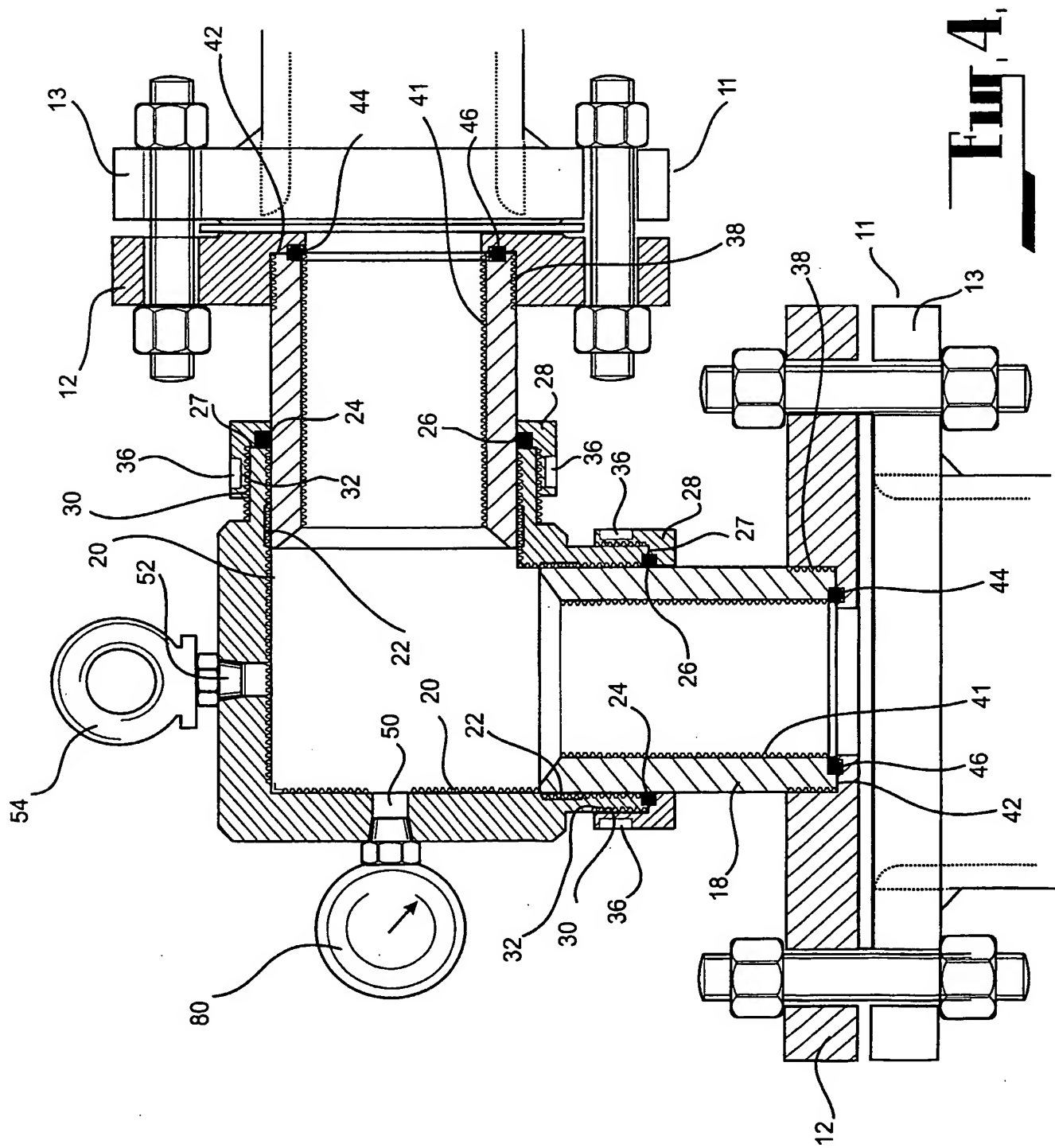


**Fig. 2**

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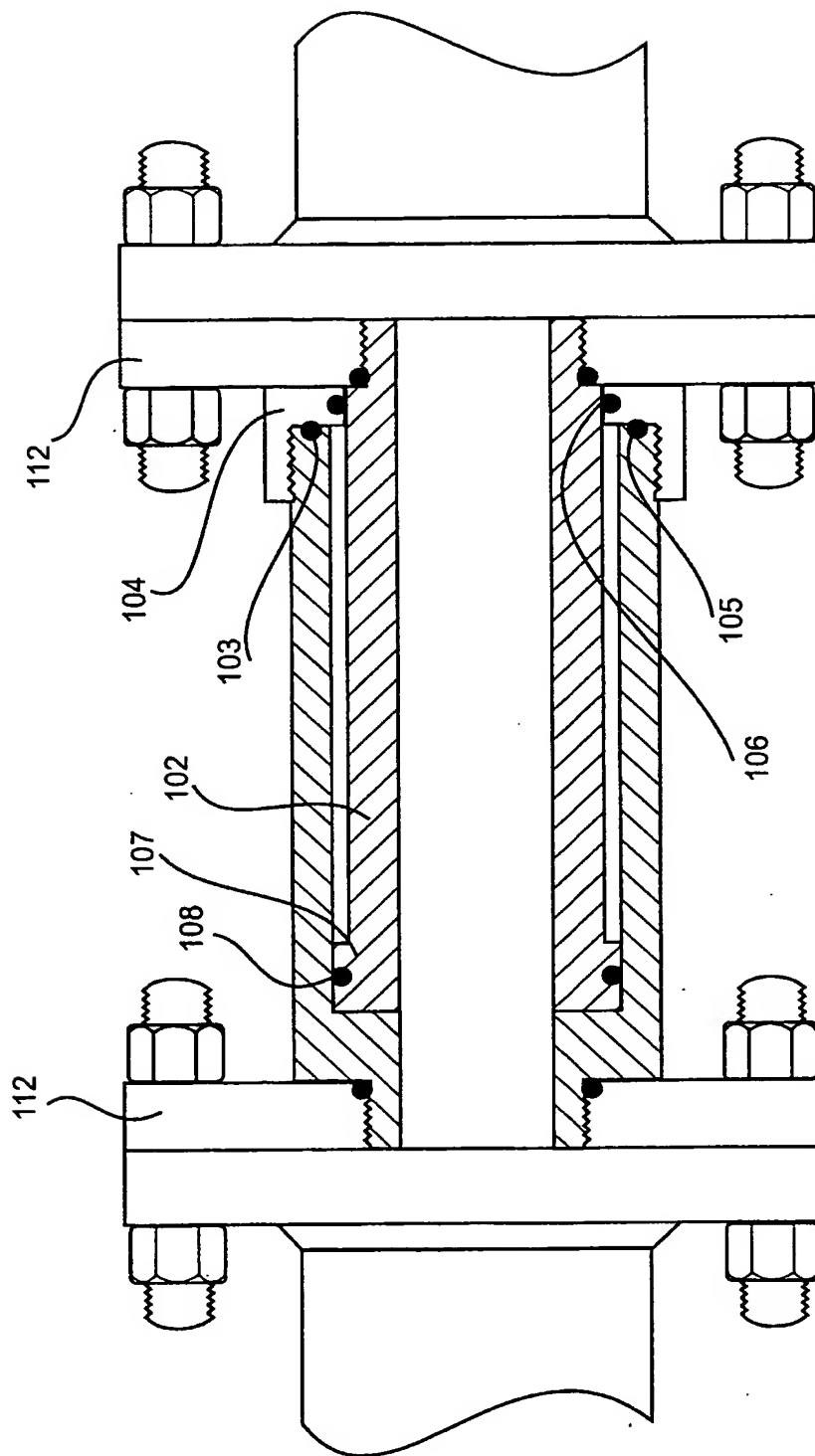


Fig. 5

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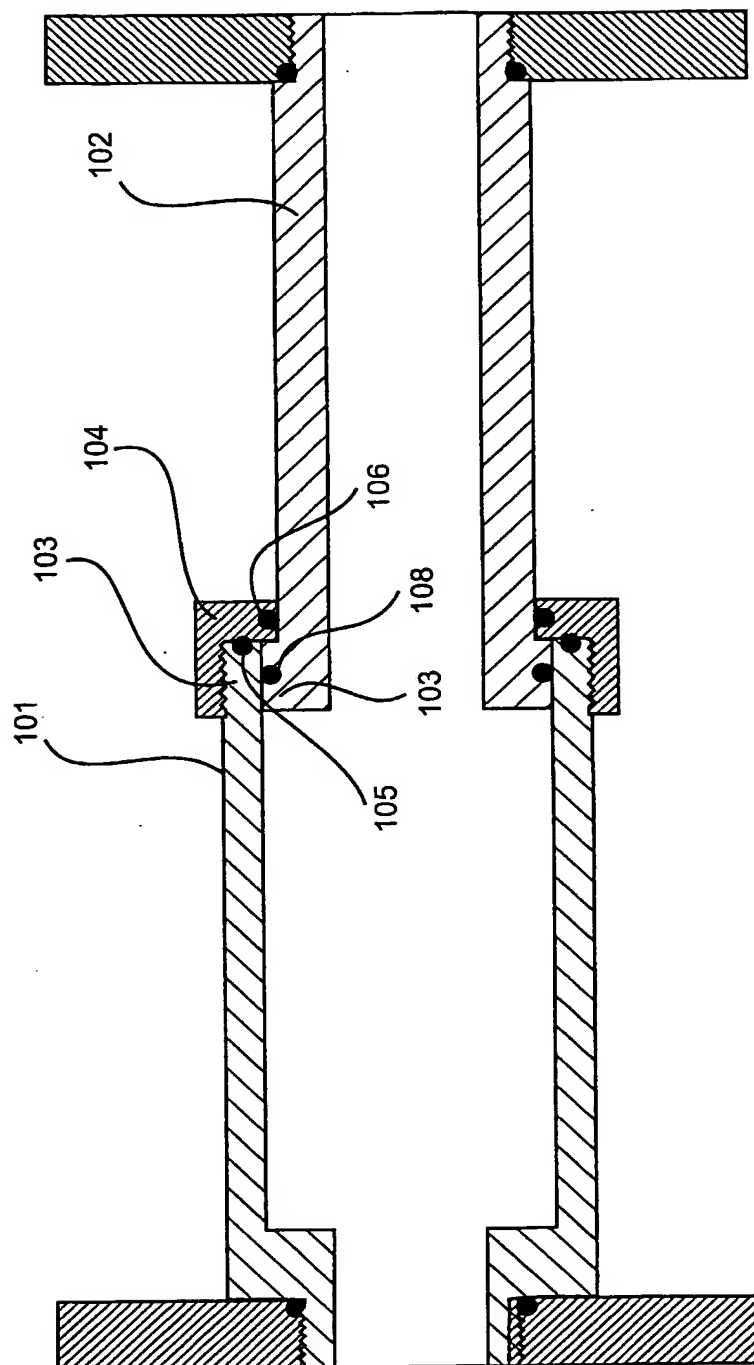
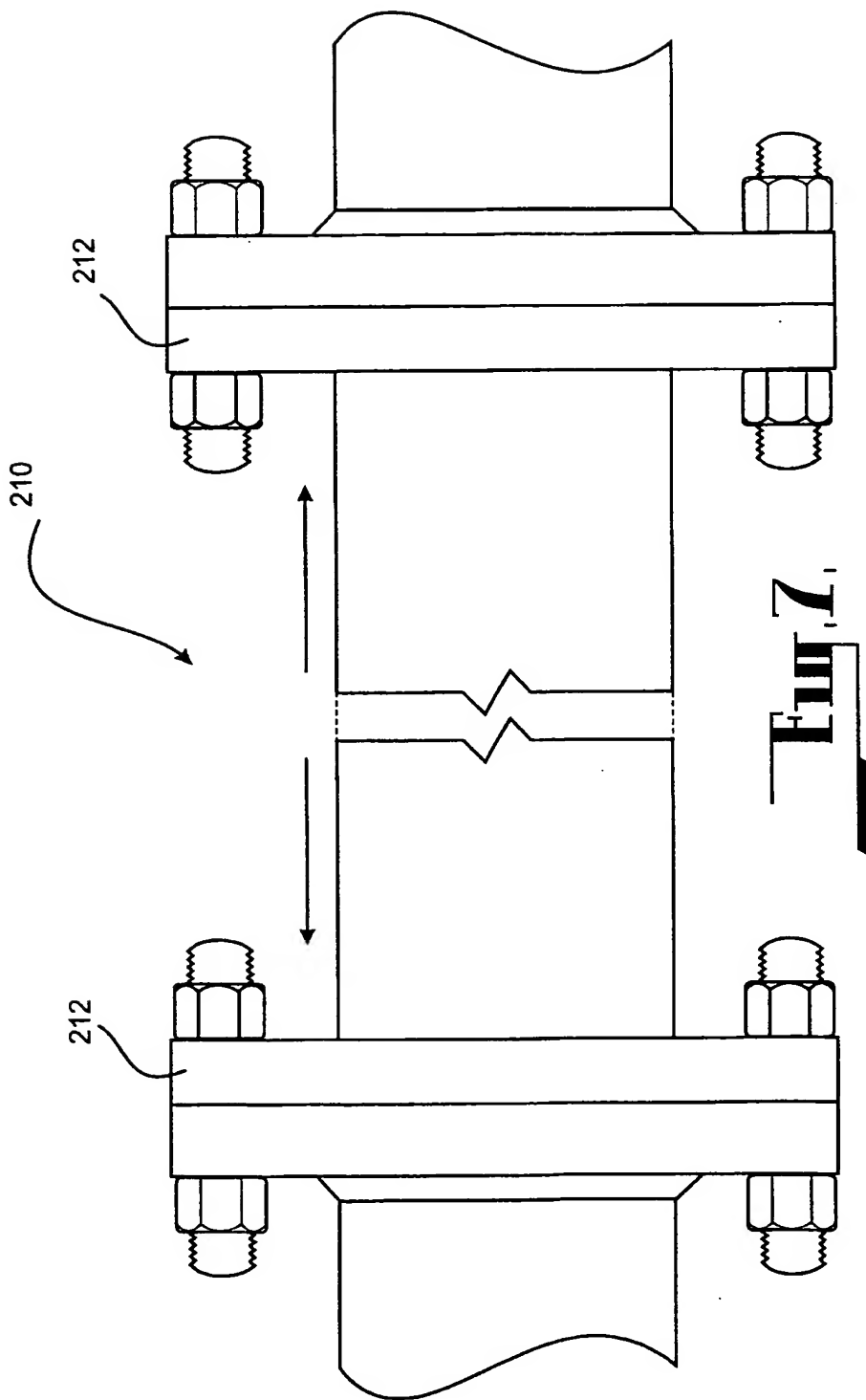


Fig. 6

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**Fig. 7**

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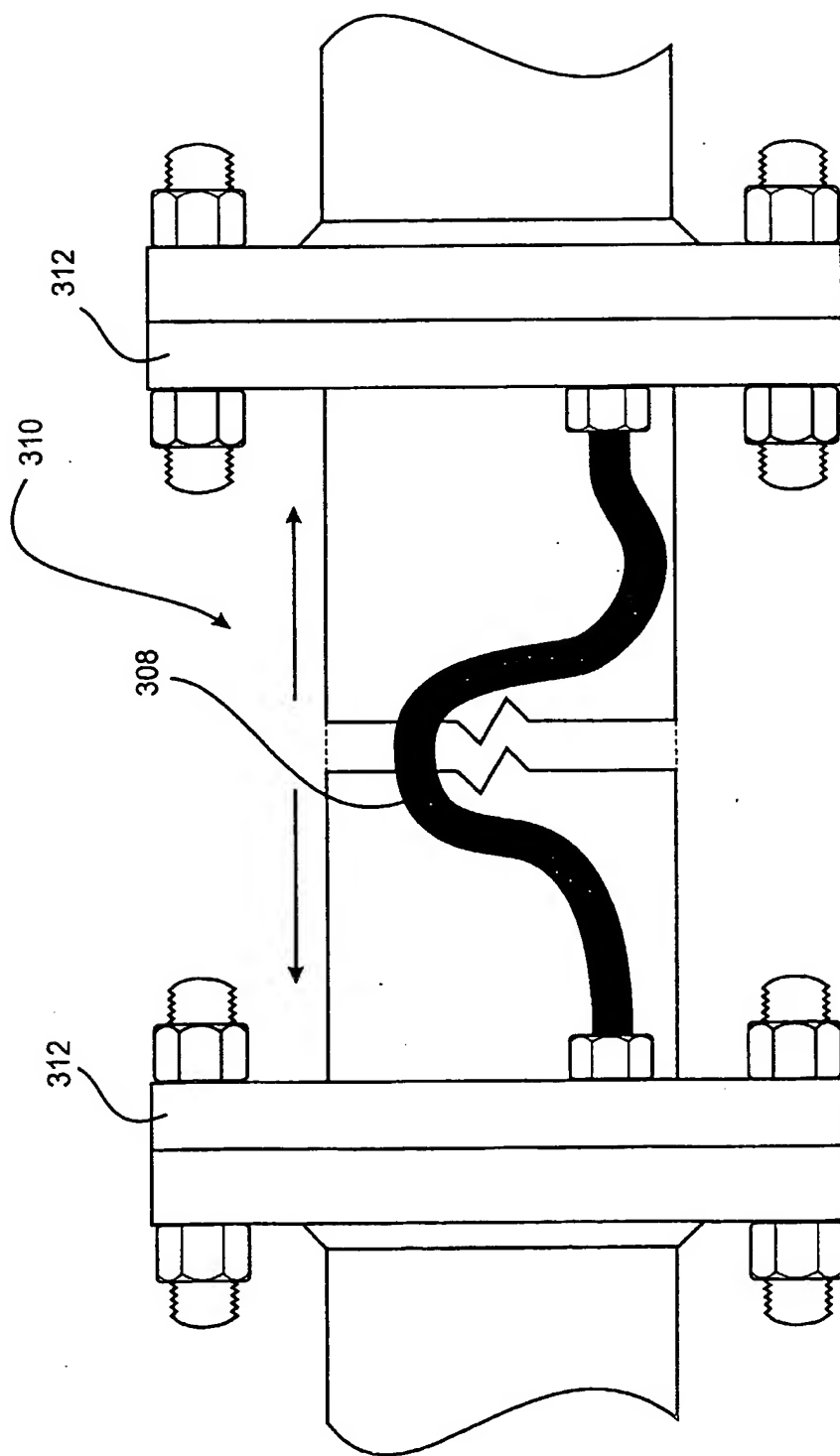


Fig. 8

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# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.  
PCT/AU2005/000331

<b>A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER</b>		
Int. Cl. <sup>7</sup> : F16L 15/00, 15/02, 15/04, 15/08, 27/12, 27/08, 27/087, 25/12, 55/07, 55/00		
According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC		
<b>B. FIELDS SEARCHED</b>		
Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)		
Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched		
Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used) DWPI: IPC Marks F16L 15/-, 27/12, 27/08, 27/087, 25/12, 55/07, 55/00+ key words (Insert, Spacer, Adjust, Move, Displace, Slide, Flow, Segment)		
<b>C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT</b>		
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	Derwent Abstract Accession No. 99-291011/25, Class Q67, JP 11094162 A (SEKISUI CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES CO. LTD), 9 April 1999	1-20
X	CA 2296195A (HAYNES), 24 May 2001	1-2, 9, 11-14, 18-20
A	---	3-8, 10, 15-17
X	US 4998756A (HART), 12 March 1991	1-2, 9, 11-14, 18-20
A	---	3-8, 10, 15-17
A	EP396029 B (MCGRAW), 30 September 1992	1-20
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> See patent family annex		
* Special categories of cited documents: "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance "E" earlier application or patent but published on or after the international filing date "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means "P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed "T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art "&" document member of the same patent family		
Date of the actual completion of the international search 21 April 2005		Date of mailing of the international search report 06 MAY 2005
Name and mailing address of the ISA/AU AUSTRALIAN PATENT OFFICE PO BOX 200, WODEN ACT 2606, AUSTRALIA E-mail address: pct@ipaaustralia.gov.au Facsimile No. (02) 6285 3929		Authorized officer  G.B. NATH Telephone No : (02) 6283 2126

**INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT**

International application No.

**PCT/AU2005/000331**

C (Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	Derwent Abstract Accession No., 1999-605489/52 Class Q67, JP 11264491A (OSAKA GAS CO. LTD), 28 September 1999	1-20

**INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT**

Information on patent family members

International application No.

**PCT/AU2005/000331**

This Annex lists the known "A" publication level patent family members relating to the patent documents cited in the above-mentioned international search report. The Australian Patent Office is in no way liable for these particulars which are merely given for the purpose of information.

Patent Document Cited in Search Report				Patent Family Member			
JP	11094162		NONE				
JP	11264491		NONE				
EP	0396029	US	4893846	US	5110158	US	5222772
CA	2296195	US	6447021	US	6820698	US	2003029621
US	4998756	AU	55180/90	BR	9003132	CA	2017097
		EP	418434	JP	3107604		
						END OF ANNEX	

Due to data integration issues this family listing may not include 10 digit Australian applications filed since May 2001.

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